Defining Effectiveness in Culturally-based Programs: A Research Report



A System of Care for Children's Mental Health: Expanding the Research Base Tampa, FL March 6, 2007 Nichole Maher

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Project Overview

- Five-year collaborative effort between the Native American Youth and Family Center (NAYA), National Indian Child Welfare Association (NICWA), and the Research and Training Center on Family Support and Children's Mental Health (RTC)
- Purposes
 - To explore strategies for documenting the effectiveness of NAYA's services
 - To develop methods for measuring and documenting effectiveness in community-based and culturally specific programs.
 - 2005-2006 definition of youth success



Cultural Arts and Sports Program



Middle School Program Tutoring Center High School Program High School Summer Institute Spring, Summer, & Winter Camps





NAYA Holistic Service Delivery Model

- NAYA Family Center provides services that are intended to restore balance and promote harmony in the lives of Native children and families.
- NAYA Family Center uses a holistic approach to meeting the needs of children and families.
- By providing holistic services, NAYA Family Center hopes to make a positive difference in multiple areas of an individual's life.

NAYA Family Center's Challenge

- We need a way to show that NAYA Family Center services are helping Native children and families
- Urgent because of state funding requirements for evidence-based practices



Worldview

. . . A culture's worldview is the lens through which they learn how to nurture, protect, and dream for future generations - Iris Heavy Runner, 2002





Oregon's Senate Bill 267

- Requires mental health, substance abuse, juvenile justice, corrections, and other human service programs to be evidence-based;
- Evidence-based programs are based on research principles and are cost effective;
- Timeline for expenditures of state funds by affected agencies is:
 - 25% of state funds on EBPs by July, 2005;
 - 50% of state funds on EBPs by July, 2007;
 - 75% of state funds on EBPs by July, 2009.

Evidence-Based Practice (EBP)

Concerns

- EBP often do not reflect the complicated lives and needs of many children and families;
- □ The determination of "evidence" is narrow and focuses on linear cause-effect relationships
- Most EBPs exclude newly developed interventions, traditional healing practices, and therapies developed by specific cultural groups
- EBPs often neglect the cultural and contextual influences on children and families
- There is often a lack of attention to family choice

Practice-Based Evidence (PBE)

Definition

PBE is information gathered from service providers, families, and youth about programs that reflect our values and get good results.

Advantages

- Information about desired goals and outcomes come directly from the people receiving services;
- Cultural factors can be explicitly included in outcomes and interventions;
- Effectiveness can then be measured according to these outcomes.

Practice-Based Evidence (PBE)

Concerns

Establishing evidence of effectiveness is challenging because it must be accepted as legitimate by

- the cultural community that is involved,
 - the scientific community, and
 - funding sources



Project Goals

To develop ways to evaluate culturally specific services that fit our community.

To develop participatory practice-based evidence research strategies that could be applied in other settings.



Defining Youth Success Focus groups with nine diverse stakeholder groups to learn about the outcomes that people value

- middle school youth high school youth
- Pathways youth
- Patriways youth
- family members
- elders
- community partners
 NAXA program man
- NAYA program managers, staff, and board members



What We Asked

What does success look like for Native American youth?









Honoring boundaries Healthy self-expression Willingness to change & acceptance of what can't change Celebrating their own success Finding constructive, non-violent way

to solve problems

Being able to de-escalate



Example of Youth Success -Body

Healthy Lifestyle

Recognize wisdom to care for self & use knowledge (e.g., healthcare, sexuality) Use positive methods of stress relief

Drug/alcohol/tobacco free lifestyle Healthy lifestyle – physical well-being & prevention

Being okay with your body & looking good Not putting things into one's body that would make a person unhealthy – this comes from teachings when children are youth – if a youth comes from a home without these teachings somebody should teach them

Example of Youth Success -Spirit

Balance

7 ways of walking, health, family, generations, silence, joy, generosity, honoring the four directions, & compassion Balance of individuality & cultural obligations Walking in both worlds Balancing traditional culture & general society Having a focus and/or vision - finding a connection with who you are Understanding of spirituality for physical well-being





Appreciation to Project Participants

Thanks to our project collaborators:

- Elders, family members, youth, NAYA staff and program managers, board members, and community partners who participated in focus groups and follow-up meetings
- Members of our advisory group
- NICWA, NAYA Family Center, RTC

Discussion

- How do these findings relate to your experiences in thinking about outcomes for youth services?
- Do you have advice for us as we move into the next stage of our research process?
 - Documentation of strategic interventions
 - Measuring outcomes



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